



Invited Talk
IEEE Smart Cities Week 2022
21 March 2022

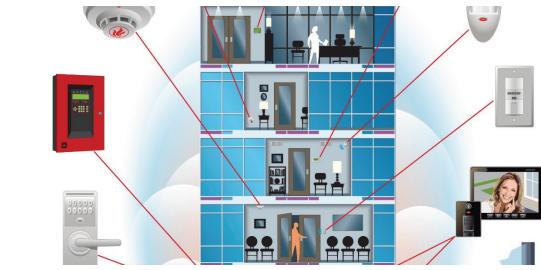
ARI

Smart Energy Efficiency in Smart Cities

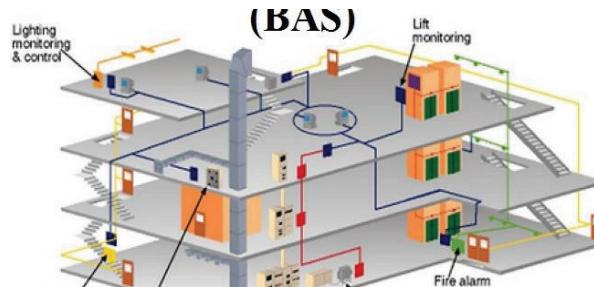


Prof. Saifur Rahman
www.srahman.org

Director, Advanced Research
Institute, Virginia Tech, USA
2022 IEEE President-elect



Building Energy Efficiency



- Buildings consume over 40% of the total energy consumption in the U.S. Over 90% of the buildings in the U.S. are either small-sized (<500 sq m) or medium-sized (between 500 sq m and 5,000 sq m).
- These buildings typically do not use Building Automation Systems (BAS) to monitor and control their building systems from a central location.
- **Need to** facilitate energy efficiency applications in commercial buildings using a very simple and scalable building automation system (BAS).

An Open Architecture Platform for Building Energy Efficiency

BEMOSS

It is a Building Energy Management Open Source Software solution that is engineered to improve sensing and control of all IoT-enabled equipment in commercial buildings

Monitoring & Control

Three major loads in buildings

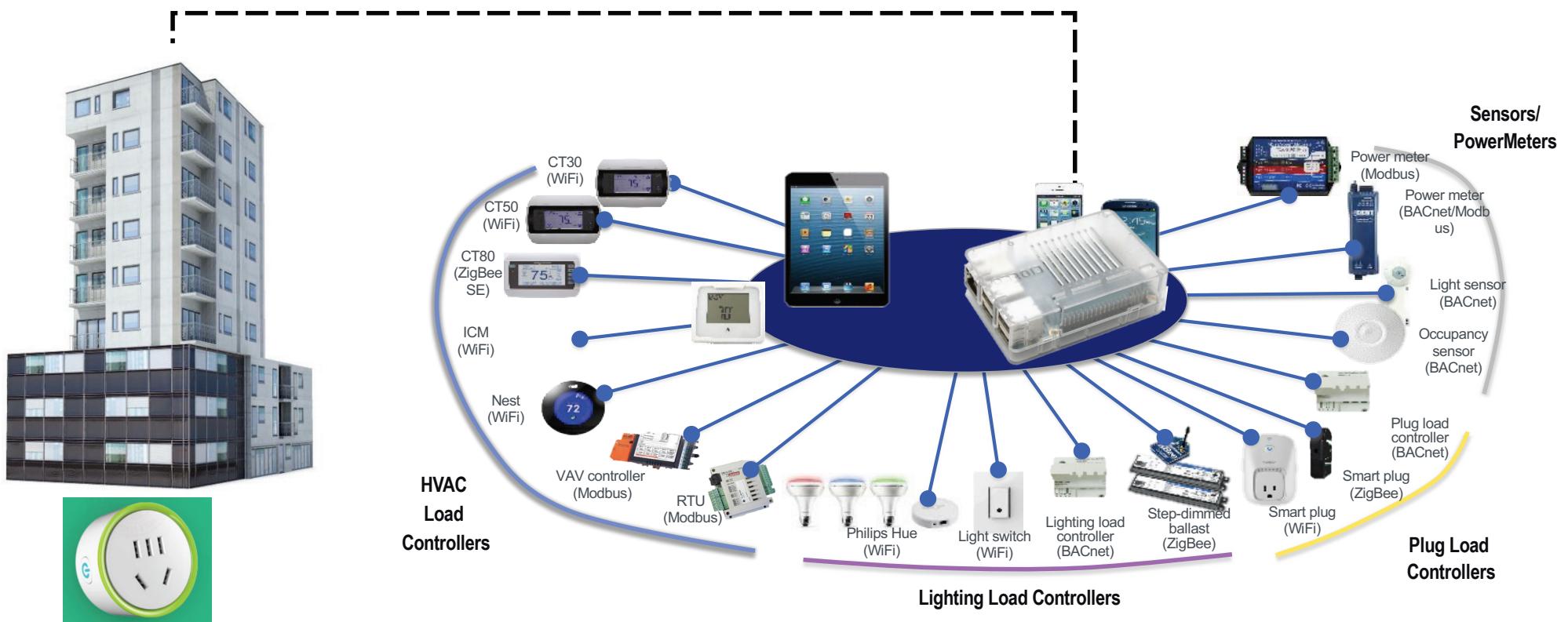
- Heating, Ventilation, AC
- Lighting loads
- Plug loads

Value

Improves energy efficiency and facilitates peak load savings in commercial buildings.



Supports multiple IoT devices through industry standard protocols and communications technologies



Multiple-protocol Interoperability

Communication Technologies

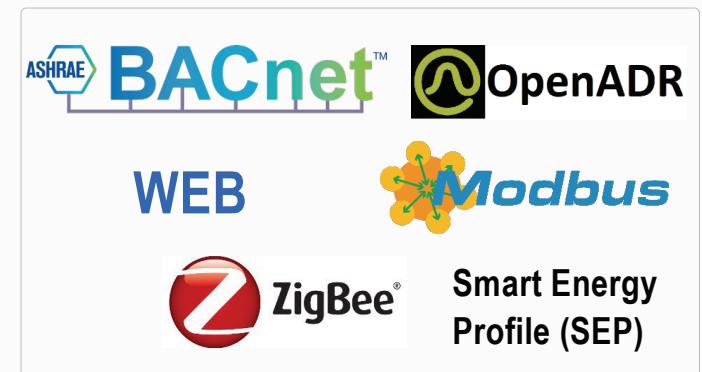
- ✓ Ethernet (IEEE 802.3)
- ✓ Serial Interface (RS-485)
- ✓ ZigBee (IEEE 802.15.4)
- ✓ WiFi (IEEE 802.11)



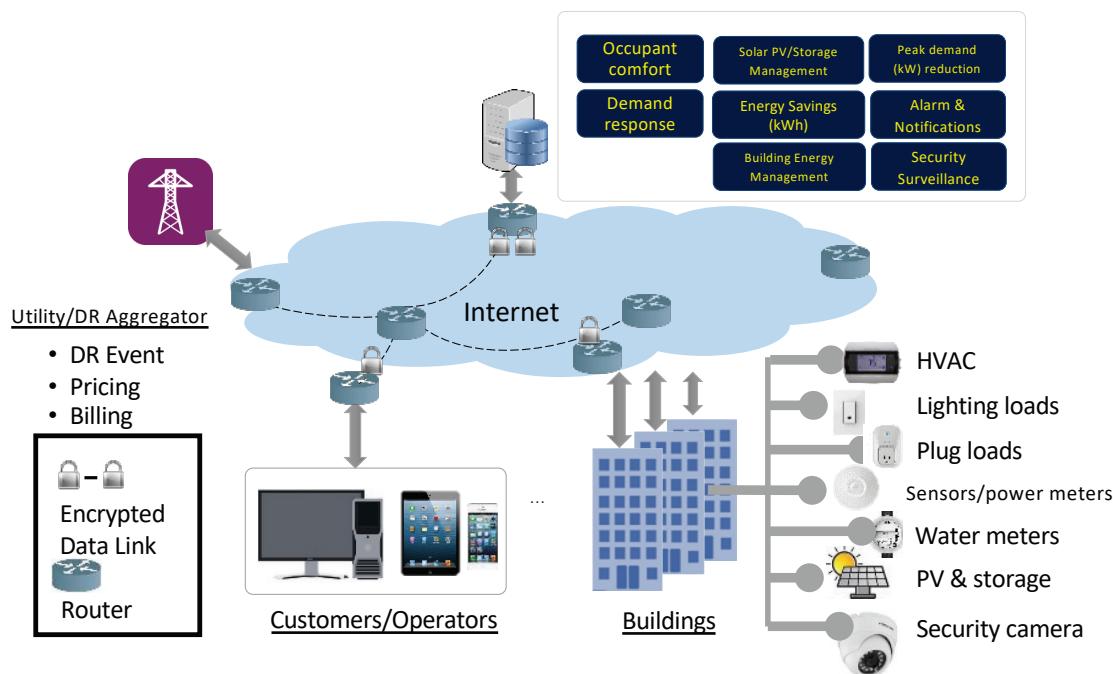
IOT

Data Exchange Protocols

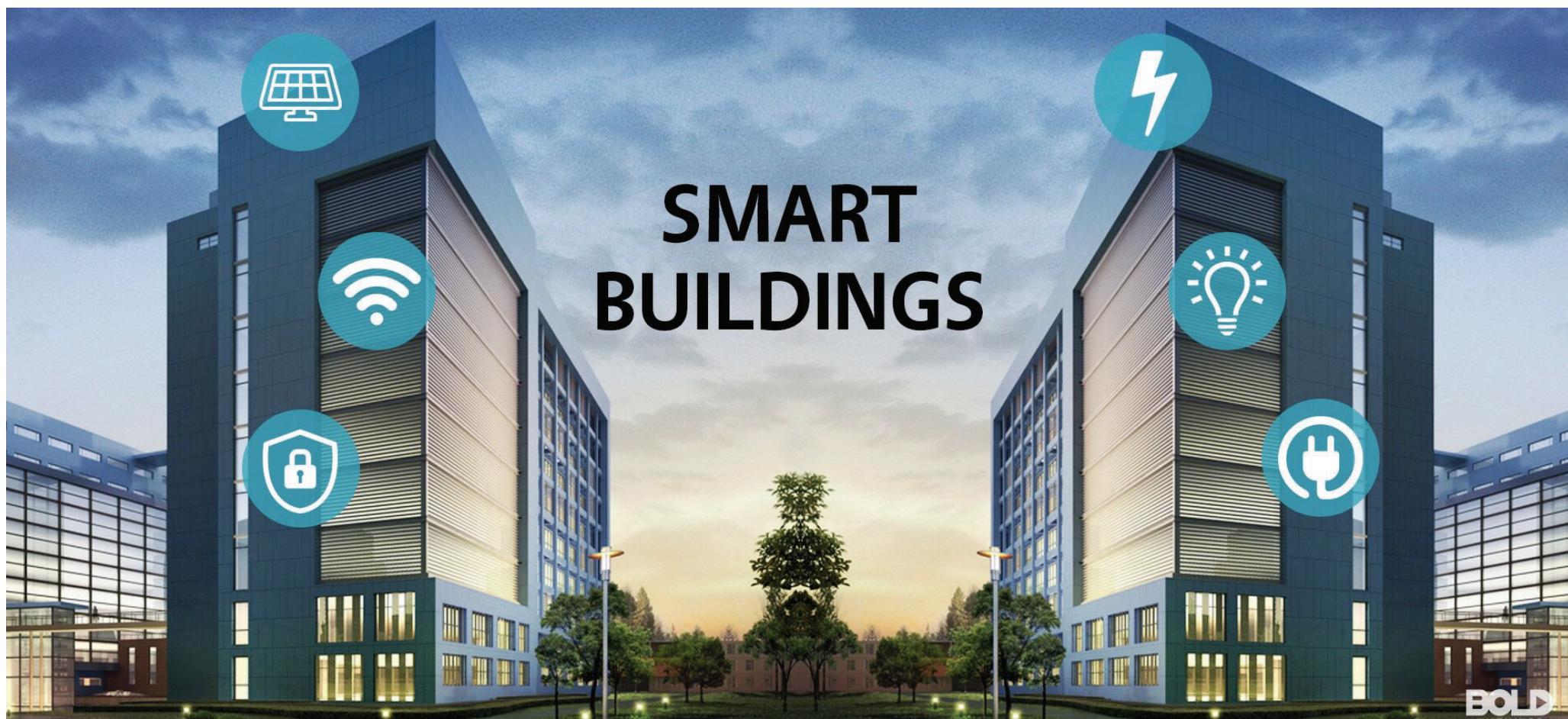
- ✓ BACnet (IP and MS/TP)
- ✓ Modbus (RTU and TCP)
- ✓ Web (e.g., XML, JSON, RSS/Atom)
- ✓ ZigBee API
- ✓ Smart Energy (SE)
- ✓ OpenADR (Open Automated Demand Response)



Campus-wide Application



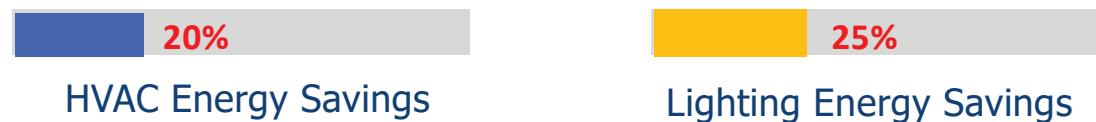
How to make an old building smart



Customers Controlling Buildings Optimized for Savings



Measured energy savings across deployments



Improved operations and maintenance: Building automation system (BAS) analytical platform enables operators to detect faults when devices operate outside standard thresholds enabling building operators to investigate prior to device failure.

Occupant satisfaction: spaces controlled by BAS have been more comfortable due to more consistent temperature profiles and healthier air quality through consistent monitoring of environmental factors (CO₂ levels, PM 2.5).

Building 1 – VT Building in Alexandria, VA

Area: 2,500 sq m
Energy: 14-25 MWh/mo.
Peak load: 61 kW

Alexandria, Virginia,
USA



Energy and Peak Savings from HVAC Control

Location: Alexandria, VA
Area: 25,000 square feet
Deployed Devices

- 6 Thermostats
- 6 Power meters
- 1 Li-ion battery
- 1 Environmental sensor

Using BAS, Building Operator saved 27% on HVAC consumption alone

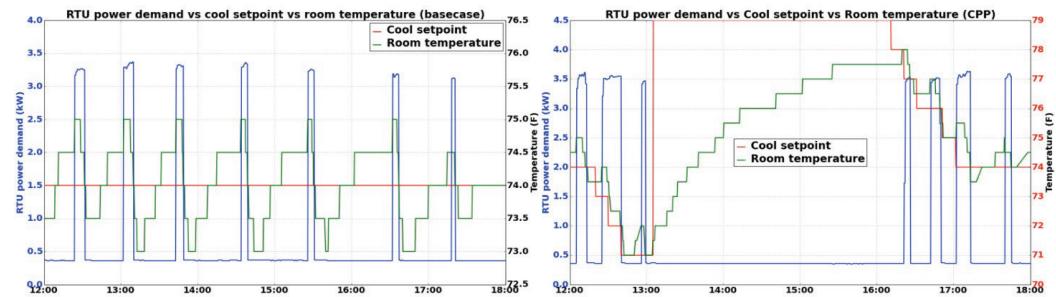
**Summer Months
(June-July-August)**

Compressor consumption 2014 (Before BAS)	8,340 kWh
Compressor consumption 2016 (After BAS)	6,071 kWh
Average savings	26.8% savings



Temperature profile **BEFORE**
BAS Demand Reduction

Temperature profile **AFTER**
BAS Demand Reduction



Base case (w/o WiseBldg)

- **Setpoint: 74 deg F**
- **Energy usage = 2.72kWh**
- **Max demand = 3.98kW**

Managed by WiseBldg

- **Setpoint: 77 deg F**
- **Energy usage = 1.42kWh**
- **Max demand = 0.5kW**

Energy Savings from Lighting Control



Location: Arlington, VA

Area: 5,000 sq ft

Deployed Devices

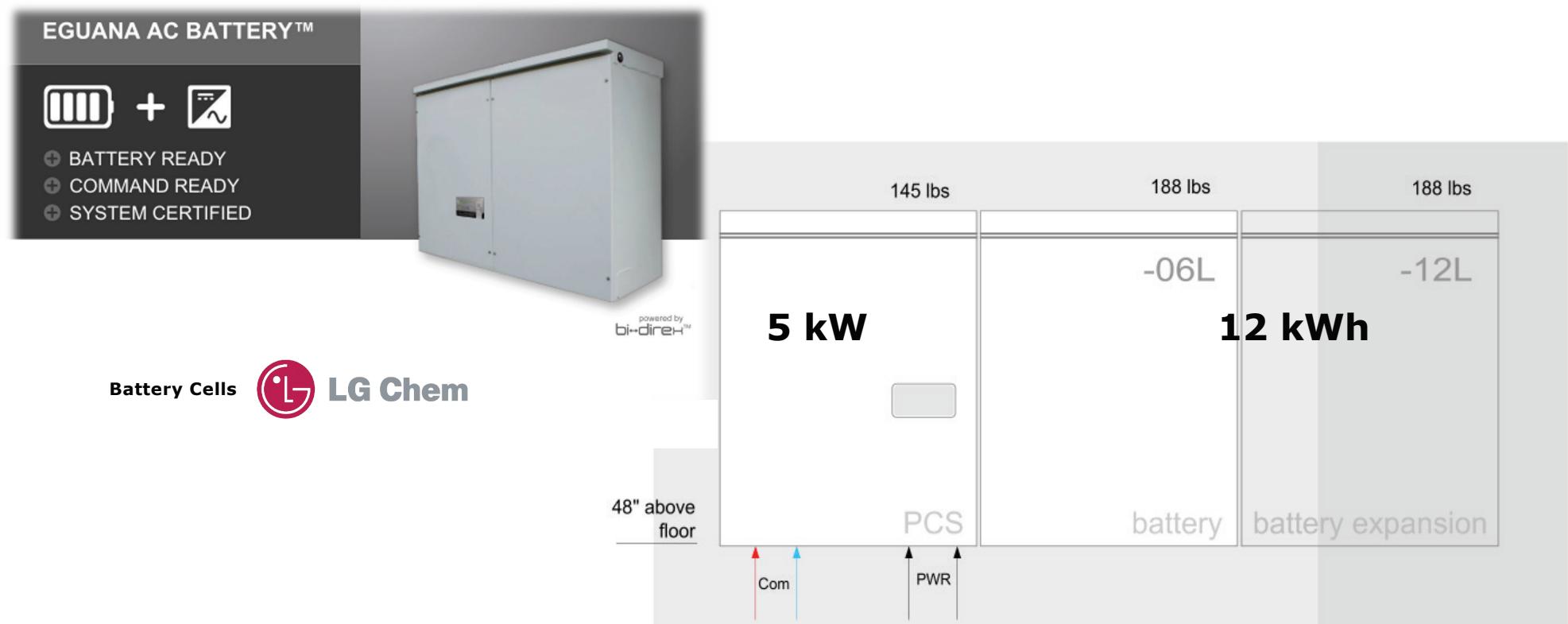


- 3 Lighting controllers
- 1 Power meter

An Average Energy Savings Of 35% Was Achieved Through Dimming Control

Oct 2016	Nov 2016	Dec 2016	Jan 2017	Feb 2017	Mar 2017	Apr 2017	May 2017	Jun 2017	AVERAGE
33.7%	33.9%	34.4%	33.4%	35.9%	36.2%	35.0%	36.0%	36.3%	34.5%

Managing Battery Storage



Battery Storage Monitoring & Control

BEMOSS

HOME

DISCOVER NEW DEVICES

DISCOVER/MANAGE 2

NETWORK STATUS

ALARMS & NOTIFICATIONS

MANAGE USERS 0

MISC SETTINGS

LOG OUT

Tumalow Energy Ingenuity : Battery_Storage3

BATTERY STORAGE

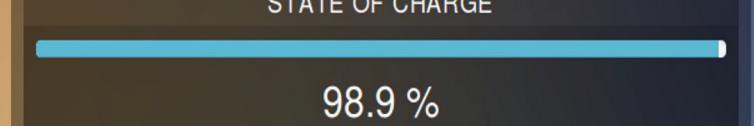
CURRENT STATUS



ACTIVE

CURRENT READINGS

STATE OF CHARGE

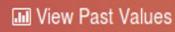


98.9 %

OUTPUT POWER

-0.013 kW

CHARGING

 View Past Values

Admin

Log Out

4



What is a

Smart City

There is **no** single consensus definition of a smart city, but there is some agreement that a smart city is one in which information and communication technology (ICT) facilitates improved insight into and control over the various systems that affect the lives of residents.



Picture from: <http://politic365.com/2017/09/01/smart-cities-require-smart-planning-policy-to-benefit-communities/>



<https://medium.com/zify/the-importance-of-smart-cities-2a4f7f89a6cd>

Internet Of Things

Smart City

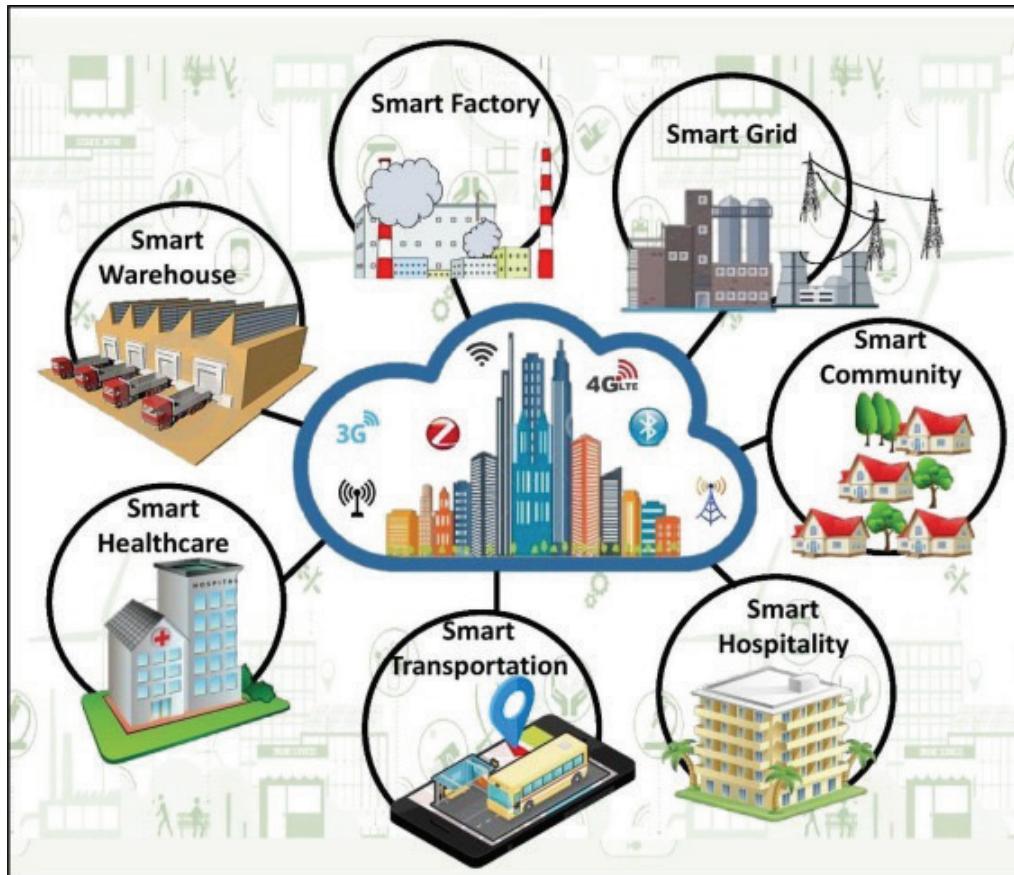
A **smart city** is an urban development **vision** to **Integrate** Information and Communication technology (ICT) and Internet of Things (IoT) technology in a **Secure** fashion to manage a city's assets.

To be fully “smart,” a city must be “connected.”

Building Blocks of a Smart City



Range of Deployments in a Smart City



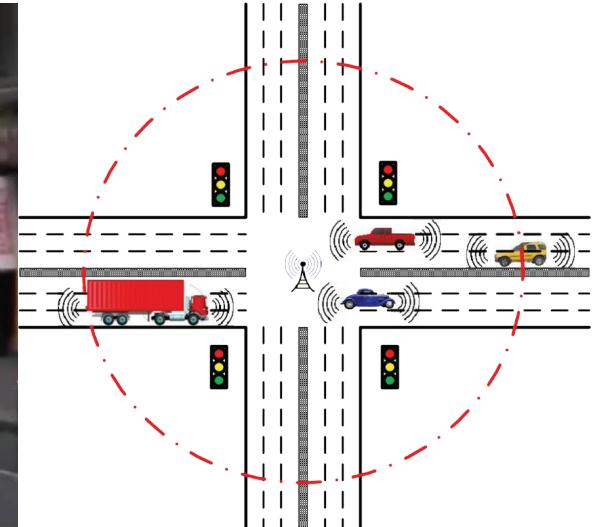
Cities across the world are deploying technology to gather data trying to become cleaner, reduce traffic, and improve urban life. Starting with **energy management**, to **disaster preparedness**, to **public safety**, to **parking spot assistance**, to **paying bills online**, to **facilitate emergency vehicle movement**, and much more.



Elements of a Smart City

A neighborhood in a smart city:

- A smart traffic crossing sensitive to traffic volume
- Synchronized traffic lights for smooth flow
- Emergency vehicle priority access



Optical Based Traffic Signal Preemption System For Emergency And Transit Vehicles

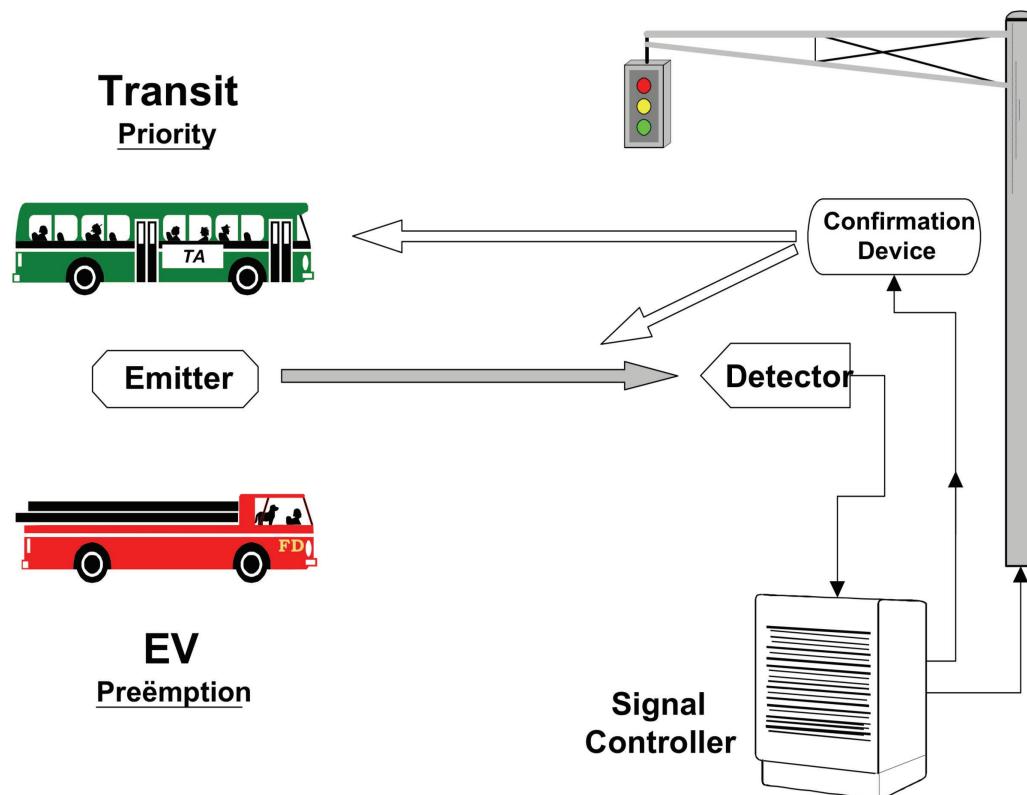


Figure 12 : System Architecture for 3M Opticom Emitter Detection System

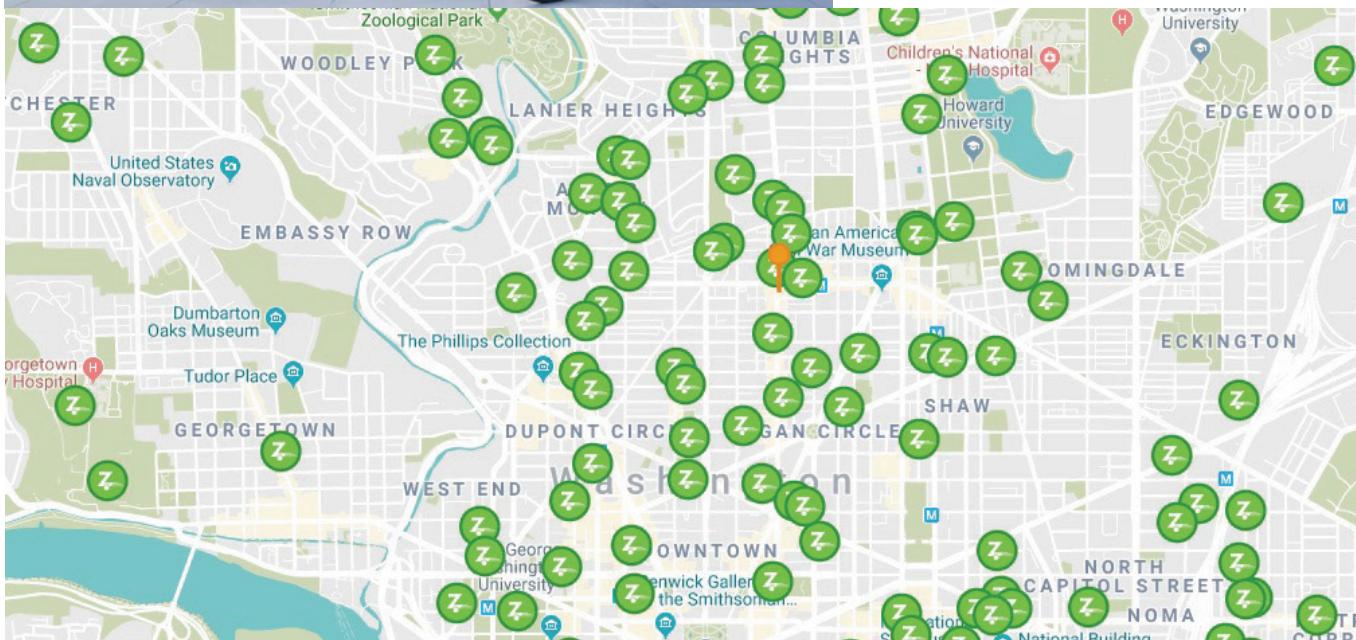
<https://vttechworks.lib.vt.edu/bitstream/handle/10919/31319/ThesisFinalVersion.pdf?sequence=1>



Connected
Transportation



Connected Transportation



Transportation

Connected vehicles and travelers will be able to share data with all sorts of equipment, and be able to procure mobility as a service, whenever wherever.



Stockholm City Traffic Management

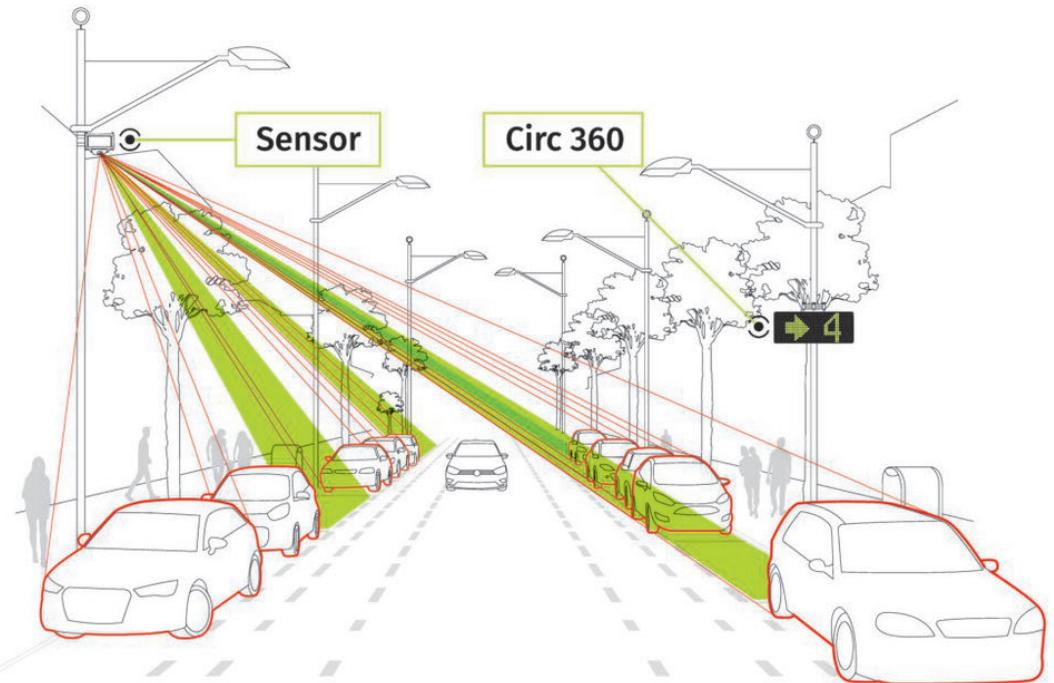


Stockholm

The system allows buses that are more than a minute behind schedule to automatically receive priority at traffic lights

US Deployment: Smart Lamppost with Camera

Camera provides surveillance and



IA

What 'smart' lamp posts can do

Lamp posts in one-north and Geylang will be turned into "smart" fixtures to collect and communicate environmental, crowd and vehicular data to government agencies, for better urban planning and management. The project could be expanded nationwide involving more than 100,000 lamp posts.

Autonomous vehicle
Real-time kinematic technologies mounted on lamp posts will provide line-of-sight connection to self-driving vehicles, to determine their precise location for navigation and to avoid collisions.

Environmental sensors
Sensors mounted on lamp posts will be able to collect environmental data, including temperature, humidity, air quality and rainfall. The data is sent to self-driving cars to improve their situational awareness of road conditions.

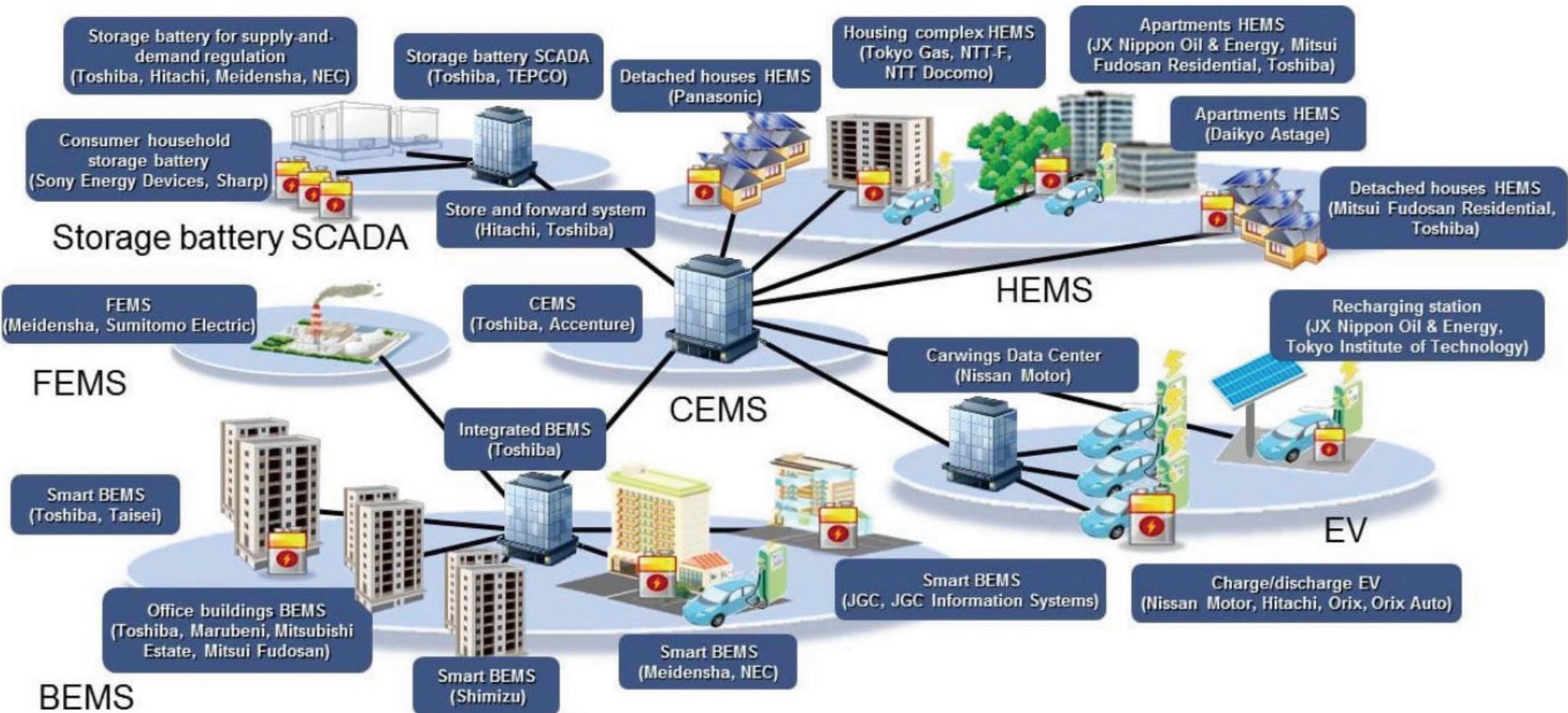
Personal mobility device
Camera and artificial intelligence-based video analytics systems mounted on lamp posts will be able to determine if a mobility device or bicycle is travelling at more than 15kmh on footpaths, which is illegal. The data will be captured and an alert will be sent to the relevant agency.

Crowd analytics
The lamp post-mounted systems will be able to analyse crowd congregation and dispersal patterns to determine situations such as unruly crowds, train breakdowns or traffic congestion.

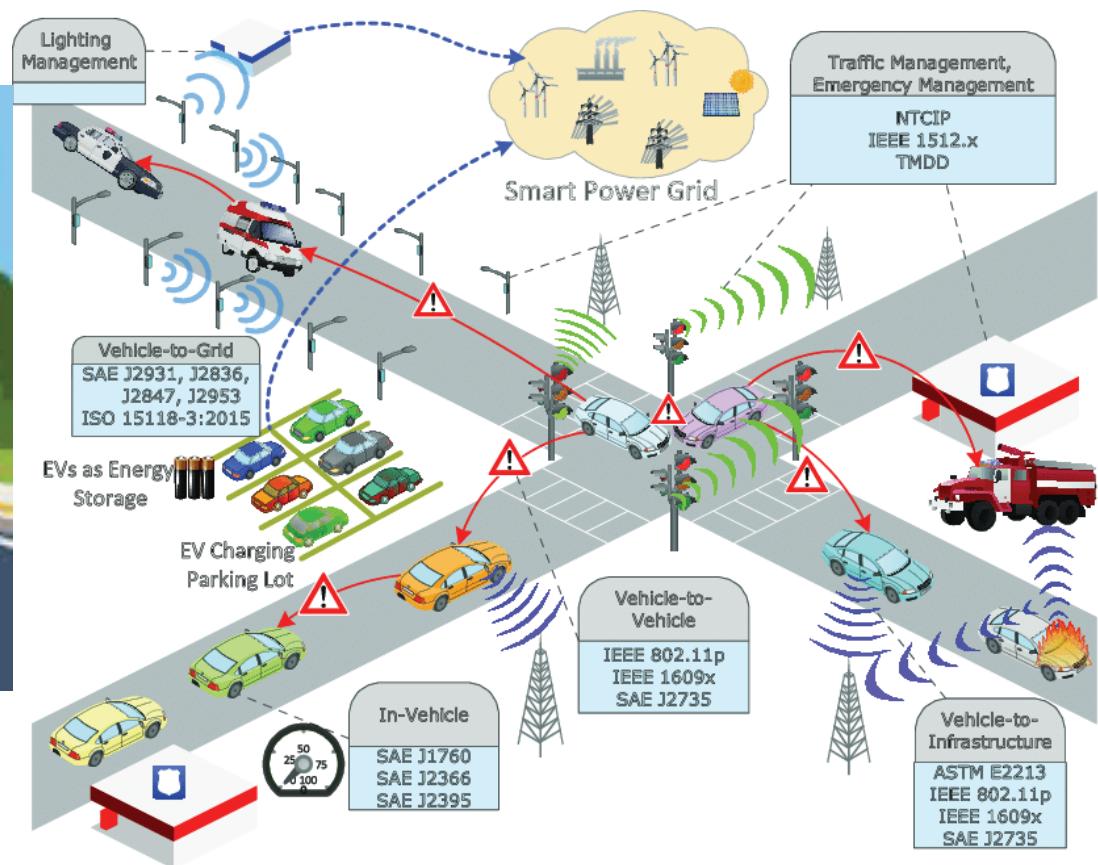
Source: GOVTECH

<https://www.govtech.gov/biz/2018/10/25/iot-project-smart-lamp-posts>

Yokohama, Japan Smart City Demonstration



Intelligent Transportation System and Smart City are closely coupled



What is
Normal → The New
Normal



*Please Share Your Idea in My Twitter Account To
“make IEEE a more successful and resilient global technical organization”*



@SRahmanVT



PROF. SAIFUR RAHMAN
IEEE PRESIDENT-ELECT 2022



THANK YOU

Smart Energy Efficiency in Smart Cities

Prof. Saifur Rahman (www.srahman.org)

IEEE Smart Cities Week

21 March 2022